applicable to incomplete or missing invoices.)

[T.D. 73-175, 38 FR 17447, July 2, 1973, as amended by T.D. 84-213, 49 FR 41184, Oct. 19, 1984]

§ 141.67 Recall of documentation.

The importer may recall the entry and entry summary documentation at any time before the effective time of entry set forth in §141.68. The entry shall be considered canceled, and documents shall be returned to the importer.

[T.D. 79-221, 44 FR 46819, Aug. 9, 1979]

§141.68 Time of entry.

- (a) When entry documentation is filed without entry summary. When the entry documentation is filed in proper form without an entry summary, the "time of entry" shall be:
- (1) The time the appropriate Customs officer authorizes the release of the merchandise or any part of the merchandise covered by the entry documentation, or
- (2) The time the entry documentation is filed, if requested by the importer on the entry documentation at the time of filing, and the merchandise already has arrived within the port limits; or
- (3) The time the merchandise arrives within the port limits, if the entry documentation is submitted before arrival, and if requested by the importer on the entry documentation at the time of submission
- (b) When entry summary serves as entry and entry summary. When an entry summary serves as both the entry documentation and entry summary, in accordance with §142.3(b) of this chapter, the time of entry shall be the time the entry summary is filed in proper form with estimated duties attached except as provided in §142.13(b).
- (c) When merchandise is released under the immediate delivery procedure. The time of entry of merchandise released under the immediate delivery procedure shall be the time the entry summary is filed in proper form, with estimated duties attached.
- (d) *Quota-class merchandise*. The time of entry for quota-class merchandise shall be the time of presentation of the

entry summary or withdrawal for consumption in proper form, with estimated duties attached, or if the entry/entry summary information and a valid scheduled statement date (pursuant to §24.25 of this chapter) have been successfully received by Customs via the Automated Broker Interface, without the estimated duties attached, as provided in §132.11a of this chapter.

- (e) When merchandise has not arrived. Merchandise shall not be authorized for release, nor shall an entry or an entry summary which serves as both the entry and entry summary be considered filed or presented, until the merchandise has arrived within the port limits with the intent to unlade.
- (f) Informal mail entry. The time of entry of merchandise under an informal mail entry, Customs Form 3419 or 3419A or Customs Form 368 or 368A, is the time the preparation of the entry documentation by a Customs employee is completed.
- (g) Withdrawal from warehouse for consumption. The time of entry of merchandise withdrawn from warehouse for consumption (the process preparatory to the issuance of a permit for the release of the merchandise to or upon the order of the warehouse proprietor) is when:
- (1) Customs Form 7501 is executed in proper form and filed together with any related documentation required by these regulations to be filed at the time of withdrawal, and
- (2) Estimated duties, if any, required to be paid at the time of withdrawal have been deposited.

Unless the requirements of this paragraph and section 315(a), Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1315(a)), including the deposit of estimated duties, if any, are completed within 60 days from the date of presentation of Customs Form 7501, the request for withdrawal shall be considered abandoned.

(h) Appraisement entry, informal entry, combined entry for rewarehouse and withdrawal for consumption, and entry under carnet. The time of entry of merchandise under an appraisement entry, or informal entry, Customs Form 7501, an informal entry, Customs Form 368 or 368A (serially numbered) (or other form prescribed in §143.23 or elsewhere in the chapter for use as an informal entry), a

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combined entry for rewarehouse and withdrawal for consumption, Customs Form 7519, or an A.T.A. carnet issued under part 114 of this chapter, shall be the time the specified form is executed in proper form and filed, together with any related documents required by these regulations, and estimated duties, if any, have been deposited. If merchandise eligible for informal entry is released under a special permit for immediate delivery and Customs Form 368 or 368A (serially numbered) or 7501 is filed in accordance with §142.23 of this chapter, the time of entry shall be the time Customs Form 368 or 368A or 7501 is filed in proper form, together with any related documents required by this chapter, and estimated duties, if any, have been deposited. However, if merchandise eligible for informal entry is released under the entry documentation set forth in §142.3(a) of this chapter and Customs Form 368 or 368A (serially numbered) or 7501 is filed in accordance with §142.23, the time of entry shall be in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section.

(i) Exportation to Canada or Mexico of goods imported into the United States under a duty-deferral program defined in \$181.53 of this chapter. When merchandise in a U.S. duty-deferral program is withdrawn for exportation to Canada or Mexico or for entry into a duty-deferral program in Canada or Mexico, the date of entry is the date the entry is required to be filed under \$181.53(a)(2)(iii) of this chapter.

[T.D. 79-221, 44 FR 46819, Aug. 9, 1979, as amended by T.D. 84-129, 49 FR 23167, June 5, 1984; T.D. 87-75, 52 FR 26142, July 13, 1987; T.D. 89-104, 54 FR 50498, Dec. 7, 1989; T.D. 91-73, 56 FR 42527, Aug. 28, 1991; T.D. 92-56, 57 FR 24944, June 12, 1992; T.D. 95-81, 60 FR 52295, Oct. 6, 1995; T.D. 96-14, 61 FR 2911, Jan. 30, 1996; T.D. 99-64, 64 FR 43266, Aug. 10, 1999]

§ 141.69 Applicable rates of duty.

The rates of duty applicable to merchandise shall be the rates in effect at time of entry, as specified in §141.68, except as otherwise specifically provided for by Executive Order, and in the following cases:

(a) Warehouse entries. Merchandise entered for warehouse is dutiable at the rates in effect at the time withdrawal from warehouse for consump-

tion is made in accordance with $\S141.68(g)$.

(b) Merchandise entered for immediate transportation. Merchandise which is not subject to a quantitative or tariffrate quota and which is covered by an entry for immediate transportation made at the port of original importation, if entered for consumption at the port designated by the consignee or his agent in such transportation entry without having been taken into custody by the port director for general order under section 490, Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1490), shall be subject to the rates in effect when the immediate transportation entry was accepted at the port of original importation.

(c) Overcarried merchandise returned to port of entry. If merchandise which has been entered for consumption, but not yet released from Customs custody, is removed from the port or place of intended release because of overcarriage, inaccessibility, strike, act of God, or unforeseen contingency, and is returned to such port or place within 90 days after removal, such merchandise shall be subject to the rates in effect at the time of the original entry, provided the merchandise is identified with the original entry by the usual Customs examination and by any documentary evidence as to its movement between its removal and return which the port director may reasonably require. A new entry shall be required, unless the original entry has not been liquidated and the consignee at the time of original importation and at the time of return is the same person.

[T.D. 73–175, 38 FR 17447, July 2, 1973, as amended by T.D. 79–221, 44 FR 46820, Aug. 9, 1979; T.D. 90–34, 55 FR 17597, Apr. 26, 1990; T.D. 97–82, 62 FR 51771, Oct. 3, 1997]

Subpart F—Invoices

§141.81 Invoice for each shipment.

A commercial invoice shall be presented for each shipment of merchandise at the time the entry summary is filed, subject to the conditions set forth in these regulations. Except in the case of installment shipments provided for in §141.82, an invoice shall not represent more than one distinct shipment of merchandise by one consignor